

1 C

- Ex.** • Hay fever, also known as Allergic rhinitis is a form of allergic reaction that may occur upon inhaling tiny airborne particles called allergens through the nose or mouth.
- Patients with allergic rhinitis have symptoms including nasal congestion, sneezing, ear blockage and breathing difficulties, itchy eyes and nose, and sore throat; it is relatively common and can affect all age groups.
  - It may be caused by exposure to certain allergens frequently present in our immediate internal and external settings - dust mites, plants, mold, insects.

2 B

- Ex.** The correct chronological order is 4, 2, 1, 3 The Swadeshi Movement launched in the 1905 was a direct fallout of the decision of the British Government to partition Bengal Use of Swadeshi goods and boycott of foreign made goods were the two main objectives of this movement.
- Jallianwala Bagh Massacre, also called Massacre of Amritsar, incident on 13th April, 1919, in which British troops fired on a large crowd of unarmed Indians in an open space known as the Jallianwala bagh in Amritsar in the Punjab, killing several hundred people and wounding many hundreds more. Dandi March was a non-violent Civil Disobedience Movement in British India led by Mahatma Gandhi. The twenty four day march lasted from 12th March, 1930 to 6th April, 1930 as a campaign of tax resistance and non-violent protest against the British salt monopoly.
- Quit India Movement was launched in August, 1942. It came in response to the Cripps Proposals. The Cripps Mission came to India in March, 1942 and was headed by Sir Stafford Cripps.

3 D

- Ex.**
- 4 A
- Ex.** The 'Quit India Resolution' was moved in the Bombay session of the Congress in the year 1942 by Jawaharlal Nehru. On 8th August, 1942, Mahatma Gandhi gave a clarion call to end the British rule and launched the Quit India Movement at the session of the All-India Congress Committee in Bombay.

5 B

- Ex.** During Non-Cooperation Movement, Gandhiji gave the slogan of 'Swaraj'. He launched the Non-Cooperation movement on 5th September, 1920, with the aim of self-governance and obtaining full independence. He promised the people of the country that with the launched of Non-Cooperation, India will achieve Self-rule (Swaraj).

6 C

**Ex.**

7 D

**Ex.**

8 D

**Ex.**

9 A

- Ex.** The famous 'Battle of the Ten King' as described in the Rigveda was fought on the bank of Parushni. 'Battle of Ten King' was the major event in the Rigveda and and hero of this war was the King Sudas of North Panchal Kingdom, the ancestor of Draupadi. The reason behind the war was the rivalry between Vishwamitra and Vasishtha.

10 A

- Ex.** Mohan Singh suggested the idea of the Indian National Army. It was first conceived in Malay. Mohan Singh was Indian officer of the British India Army. Indian National Army was an armed force formed by Indian nationalists in 1942 in South-East Asia during II World War. It was again strengthened under the leadership of Subhash Chandra Bose.

11 B

- Ex.**
- Vitamins are essential for normal body functions.
  - Human body does not produce vitamins, so need to be taken from diet.
  - Vitamins are needed in relatively small quantities but their deficiency causes disorders and diseases
  - Vitamin K deficiency causes Internal haemorrhage
  - Biotin deficiency causes nerve disorders.
  - Anemia is causes by deficiency of folic acid or Vitamin B9
  - Calciferol or Vitamin-D deficiency causes fragile bones
  - Pellegra is caused by deficiency of niacin or Vitamin B3

12 B

- Ex.** Statement (b) is not correct regarding the primary waves of earthquakes because Primary waves can move through solid liquid and gas. P-waves velocity in earthquakes is in range of 5 to 8 km/s. These waves are like sound waves, it can move in all medium (Solid, liquid and gases).

13 C

- Ex.** The great Bath was found in Mohenjodaro. It is called the earliest public water tank of the ancient world. It measures approximately 12 metres by 7 metres, maximum depth of 2.4 metres. Two wide stairs one from the North and one from the South served as the entry to the structure.

14 A

**Ex.**

15 C

- Ex.** Statement (c) is correct about the structure of core of interior of the Earth.
- The core of interior of the Earth is made up of nife (Ni-nickel and Fe-iron.) It is the deepest layer of the Earth. It is further divided into outer and inner core. Outer core is in liquid state and inner core is in solid state. The core is made up of very heavy material mostly constituted by nickel and iron. It is sometimes referred to as the nife layer.

16 B

- Ex.**
- Big neck disease , also known as goiteris the overall enlargement of the thyroid, or it may be the result of irregular cell growth that forms one or more lumps (nodules) in the thyroid.
  - The most common cause of goiters worldwide is a lack of iodine in the diet.







